JAYPEE UNIVERSITY OF INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY, WAKNAGHAT TEST -3 EXAMINATION- May 2018

B.Tech VIth Semester

COURSE CODE: 16B11BT611

MAX. MARKS: 35

COURSE NAME: Downstream Processing

COURSE CREDITS: 04

MAX. TIME: 2 Hirs

Note: All questions are compulsory. Carrying of mobile phone during examinations will as case of unfair means. Do all set of a question at a single place.

[CO1, CO2]

1. a) Why non-ionic detergents over ionic detergents are preferred for cell disruption in bioprocessing? [1]

b) Why nucleic acid removal from the cell lysate is important before further processing? [1]

c) How the number of unit operations of DSP and the quality of products increase the cost of final products?

d) Explain the difference between the procedure of purification of extracellular and intracellular proteins from a bacterial cell. [2]

[CO3]

2. a) What do you understand by Azeotropic distillation? Give an example.

[2]

b) What are the major problems caused by the compressed filter cake during filtration? How the filter aid helps in dealing with these problems?

c) How will you differentiate between Liquid-liquid extraction and Adsorption?

[2]

[CO4, CO5]

3. Cell-free fermentation liquor contains 8 x 10⁻⁵ mol l⁻¹ immunoglobulin G. It is proposed to recover at least 90% of this antibody by adsorption on synthetic, non-polar resin. Experimental equilibrium data are correlated as follows:

 $C_{AS}^* = 5.5 \times 10^{-5} C_A^{*0.35}$

Where C*AS is mol solute adsorbed per cm3 adsorbent and C*A is liquid-phase solute concentration in mol 1-1. What minimum quantity of resin is required to treat 2 m³ fermentation liquor in a single-stage mixed tank? [3]

4. a) A pilot-scale gel-chromatography column packed with Sephacryl resin is used to separate two hormones A and B. The column is 5 cm in diameter and 0.3 m high; the void volume is 1.9 x 10⁻⁴ m³. The water regain value of the gel is 3 x 10⁻³ m³ kg⁻¹ dry Sephacryl; the density of wet

gel is 1.25 x 10³ kg m⁻³. The partition coefficient for hormone A is 0.38; the partition coefficient for hormone B is 0.15. If the eluant flow rate is 0.7 1 h⁻¹, what is the retention time for each hormone? b) Which hormone has higher molecular weight and why? [1] 5. If you wish to purify two different proteins A and B having pI 8.0 and 6.0 respectively, and the protein A is found to be unstable at acidic conditions. How will you purify both the proteins using ion exchange chromatography? Also draw the chromatogram for the purification. 6. List the four criteria on the basis of which will you select a suitable solvent for extracting a component from a liquid mixture? Also explain the effect of each criteria how will affect the extraction of a component. [4] [CO6] 7. a) List the name of two organisms besides Saccharomyces cerevisiae which are being used for alcohol production. b) Write down the metabolic reactions along with the enzymes involved in gluconic acid production. [1] c) How clavulanic acid, an antibiotic, helps in killing pathogens? [1] d) How can the excretion of citrate be guaranteed when isocitrate is necessary for citrate synthesis? Write the possible reactions [2] 8. How will you recover the following after completion of fermentation? Explain through a self explanatory flow diagram for each [5] a) Gluconic acid b) Citric Acid