

Jaypee University of Information Technology, Wagnaghat

Test-3 Examination, December 2023

B.Tech - VII Semester (ALL)

Course Code/Credits: 22B1WMA731/3

Max. Marks: 35

Course Title: Linear Algebra for Data Science & Machine Learning

Course Instructor: RAD

Max. Time: 2 hours

Instructions: All questions are compulsory. Marks are indicated against each question.

Use of scientific calculators is allowed.

1. Consider the set of matrices:

(4 Marks) [CO-1]

$$\mathbf{H} = \left\{ \left[\begin{array}{cc} 2a & b \\ 3a+b & 3b \end{array} \right] : a, b \in \mathbb{R} \right\}$$

(a) Is \mathbf{H} a subspace of set $\mathcal{M}_{2 \times 2}(\mathbb{R})$ of all square matrices of order 2?

(b) Justify your answer.

2. Consider the linear transformation \mathbf{T} from $\mathcal{M}_{2 \times 3}(\mathbb{R})$ to $\mathcal{M}_{2 \times 2}(\mathbb{R})$:

(4 Marks) [CO-4]

$$\mathbf{T} \left(\begin{array}{ccc} a_{11} & a_{12} & a_{13} \\ a_{21} & a_{22} & a_{23} \end{array} \right) = \left(\begin{array}{cc} 2a_{11} - a_{12} & a_{13} + 2a_{12} \\ 0 & 0 \end{array} \right)$$

(a) Determine the kernel of the transformation \mathbf{T} .

(b) Write down the basis for $\text{Ker}(\mathbf{T})$.

3. Let \mathbf{V} be the subspace spanned by $(1, 1, 0, 1)$ and $(0, 0, 1, 0)$.

(5 Marks) [CO-4]

(a) Determine the *orthogonal complement* of \mathbf{V} .

(b) What is the dimension of \mathbf{V}^\perp .

4. Consider the *over-determined* system given by $\mathbf{Ax} = \mathbf{b}$:

(5 Marks) [CO-3]

$$\begin{array}{rcl} x_1 & - & x_2 = 4 \\ 3x_1 & + & 2x_2 = 1 \\ -2x_1 & + & 4x_2 = 3 \end{array}$$

(a) Determine the *least-squares* solution $\mathbf{x} \in \mathbb{R}^2$.

(b) Find the *orthogonal projection* \mathbf{b} on the column space of \mathbf{A} .

5. Consider the following 3×3 matrix:

(5 Marks) [CO-3]

$$\mathbf{A} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

(a) Apply Gram-Schmidt orthogonalization process to the column vectors of \mathbf{A} .

(b) Find the QR-decomposition of \mathbf{A} .

6. Let B be the given 3×2 matrix:

(6 Marks) [CO-3]

$$\begin{bmatrix} 7 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 \\ 5 & 5 \end{bmatrix}$$

- (a) Determine the *singular values* of B .
- (b) Compute *singular value decomposition* (SVD) of B .

7. Consider the following blood pressure measurements from 3 adults:

<i>Features</i>	Adult 1	Adult 2	Adult 3
Systolic BP	x_{11}	x_{12}	x_{13}
Diastolic BP	x_{21}	x_{22}	x_{23}

Correlation values obtained among the two variables in the dataset are given in the matrix

$$S = \begin{bmatrix} 5 & 2 \\ 2 & 2 \end{bmatrix}.$$

Perform *principal component analysis* on the given dataset to answer: (6 Marks) [CO-4]

- (a) Find the *eigenvalues* of S .
- (b) Obtain the eigenvectors corresponding to the *principal components* of the dataset.
- (c) What fraction of variation is explained by the first *principal component*?

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