JAYPEE UNIVERSITY OF INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY, WAKNAGHAT TEST -2 EXAMINATION- 2025

B.Tech. -IV Semester (BI)

COURSE CODE (CREDITS): 18B11MA411 (3)

MAX. MARKS: 25

COURSE NAME: BIOSTATISTICS

COURSE INSTRUCTORS: Saurabh Srivastava

MAX, TIME: 1 Hour 30 Min

Note: (a) All questions are compulsory.

(b) The candidate is allowed to make suitable numeric assumptions wherever required for solving problems.

(c) Use of scientific calculator is allowed.

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Q. No.			stion		CO	Marks
Q1	A compan and the tr preference grade ther	1	5			
	Model). The price is also recorded Transport manager's ranking	Saleswoman's	Price(£10's)		
	S	5				
	T	1	B+	811		
	U	7	D-	591		
	V	Ž.,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	С	792		
	W	8	В-	520		
	X	6	D	573		
	Y	4	C+	683		
200	Z	3	A-	716		
	Calculate a) Pr b) P					
Q2	Suppose following A = even B = even It is known percent	2	3			

	probability that a person has the disease given that the test result is positive?		
Q3	It is conjectured that an impurity exists in 28% of all water dispensers in a hostel of a medical college. To gain some insight into the true extent of the problem, it is determined that some testing is necessary. It is too expensive to test all the dispensers in the hostel, so 12 are randomly selected for testing. a) What is the probability that exactly 3 dispensers have the impurity?	2	4
	b) What is the probability that more than 3 dispensers have impurity?	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	
Q4	The amount of time that a watch will run without having to be reset is a random variable having an exponential distribution with a mean time of 120 days. Find the probabilities that such a watch will have to be reset in less than 24 days.	,2	4
Q5	Suppose that during periods of meditation, the reduction of a person's oxygen consumption is a random variable having a normal distribution with $\mu = 37.6$ cc per minute and $\sigma = 4.6$ cc per minute. Find the probabilities that during a period of meditation, a person's oxygen consumption will be reduced by anywhere from 30.0 to 40.0 cc per minute.	2	4
Qú	 a) Make a table to explain type I and type II errors. b) Explain the difference between one-tailed and two-tailed tests abrough diagrams. c) What is the p-value? 	3	2+2+1

Cumulative Standardized Normal Distribution:

				1.56						
-1.7	.0446	0436	.0427	.0418	.0409	.0401	.0392	.0384	.0375	.0367
-1.6	.0548	.0537	.0526	.0516	.0505	.0495	.0485	.0475	0465	.0455
1.5	.0668	.0655	.0643	.0630	.0618	.0606	:0594	.0582	.0571	.0559
-1.4	.0808	.0793	.0778	.0764	.0749	.0735	(972)	.0768	0664	0681
- 17	<u> </u>	.0951	.0934	:0918	.0901	.სგან	.0869	.0853	.0838	.0823
-1 4	1151	.!!31	J112	.1093	.1075	.1056	.1038	.1020	1003	.0985
1.1	.1357	.1335	.1314	.1292	.1271	.1251	.1230	.1210	.1190	.1170
1,5	.1587	.1562	.1539	.1515	.1492	A 169	.1415	.142	.1401	.1379
- 5.9	len1	.1311	.1788	.1762	.1736	.1711	.1685	.1860	.ln25	.1611
- 0.5	.2119	.2090	.2061	.2033	.2005	.1977	1049	4022	.1394	.1367
-0.7	.2400	.2389	.2358	.2327	.2296	2746	2.13/	2206	3.77	2148
0.6	.2743	.2709	2676	.2643	.2611	.2578	.2546	2514	.7435	.2451
~ 0.5	3085	.3050	.3015	.2981	.2946	.2912	.2877	.2843	.281G	.2776