JAYPEE UNIVERSITY OF INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY, WAKNAGHAT TEST -3 EXAMINATION- 2025

B.Tech- VI Semester (CSE/IT/ECE/CE/BT/BI)

COURSE CODE (CREDITS): 23B1WHS631 (3)

MAX. MARKS: 35

COURSE NAME: Engineering Economics

COURSE INSTRUCTORS: Dr. Bilal Khan (BLK)

MAX. TIME: 2 Hours

Note: (a) All questions are compulsory. (b) Use of Calculators is allowed.

(c) Question no. 6 is choice-based question. Attempt only one.

Question	CO	Marks
A monopolist sells his output in two different markets. His demand (O) and cost functions (TC) are as follows:		
	A	
$Market I: Q_1 = 100 - 2P_1$	3	
$Market II: Q_2 = 150 - 3P_2$		
$TC = 1000 + 10Q (Q_1 + Q_2)$		
Find:	hande per est un	
		Maria de la companya
(ii), without discrimination?	CO4	8
(b) What price (P) will the monopolist charge: (i) with		
discrimination, and (ii) without discrimination.		
discriminated market and non-discriminated market		
(d) Calculate the elasticity of demand (E_d) in discriminated		
markets.		
Suppose that there are two firms in a duopoly form of market. The demand (Q) and cost functions (C) of these two duopolistic firms are		
as follows: $P = 180 - 0.4 (Q_1 + Q_2)$	CO4	7
$C_1 = 8Q_1 \& C_2 = 0.5Q_2^2$	SOCIAL ASSESSMENT	Scaling Control
Using the Cournot solution, find:		
[Note: Do your calculations up to two decimal places only]		
(a) The equilibrium quantities for both the firms and price level.		
(b) The differences in profit levels for both the firms.(c) Show that a rise of either duopolist's output level will cause a reduction in optimum output of the other duopolist.		
	A monopolist sells his output in two different markets. His demand (O) and cost functions (TC) are as follows: Market I: Q ₁ = 100 - 2P ₁ Market II: Q ₂ = 150 - 3P ₂ TC=1000+10Q (Q ₁ + Q ₂) Find: (a) What is the profit maximizing level of output (Q) produced by the monopolist (i) with discrimination, and (ii), without discrimination? (b) What price (P) will the monopolist charge: (i) with discrimination, and (ii) without discrimination. (c) Compare the profit differentials (II) between the discriminated market and non-discriminated market. (d) Calculate the elasticity of demand (E _d) in discriminated markets. Suppose that there are two firms in a duopoly form of market. The demand (Q) and cost functions (C) of these two duopolistic firms are as follows: P = 180 - 0.4 (Q ₁ + Q ₂) C ₁ = 8Q ₁ & C ₂ = 0.5Q ₂ ² Using the Cournot solution, find: [Note: Do your calculations up to two decimal places only] (a) The equilibrium quantities for both the firms and price level. (b) The differences in profit levels for both the firms. (c) Show that a rise of either duopolist's output level will cause a reduction in optimum output of the other	A monopolist sells his output in two different markets. His demand (O) and cost functions (TC) are as follows: Market I: Q ₁ = 100 - 2P ₁ Market II: Q ₂ = 150 - 3P ₂ TC= 1000+10Q (Q ₁ + Q ₂) Find: (a) What is the profit maximizing level of output (Q) produced by the monopolist (i) with discrimination, and (ii), without discrimination? (b) What price (P) will the monopolist charge: (i) with discrimination, and (ii) without discrimination. (c) Compare the profit differentials (II) between the discriminated market and non-discriminated market. (d) Calculate the elasticity of demand (E _d) in discriminated markets. Suppose that there are two firms in a duopoly form of market. The demand (Q) and cost functions (C) of these two duopolistic firms are as follows: P = 180 - 0.4 (Q ₁ + Q ₂) C ₁ = 8Q ₁ & C ₂ = 0.5Q ₂ ² Using the Cournot solution, find: [Note: Do your calculations up to two decimal places only] (a) The equilibrium quantities for both the firms. (b) The differences in profit levels for both the firms. (c) Show that a rise of either duopolist's output level will cause a reduction in optimum output of the other

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	3.	Assume that the two duopolistic firms in the above question no. (2), now decide to form a cartel with the purpose of joint-profit maximization. Further, assuming that there is no change in the demand and cost functions for both the firms,		
			CO4	7
		Find the following using the Collusion solution:		
		(a) Compare the equilibrium quantities for both the firms and		
United States and States		price level, with the Cournot solution.	d	
		(b) Compare the profit differences for both the firms, with	Pa	W ^{ee} ly .
		the Cournot solution.		A P
		(c) Compare the changes in joint profit levels and changes in	18 18	19
		each duopolist profit levels with the Cournot solution.		
		(a) Identify the advantages and disadvantages of alasting Co	is and	
	4.	(a) Identify the advantages and disadvantages of adopting a fixed	d)	
	т.	exchange rate regime versus a floating exchange rate regime for a developing country aiming to attract foreign	CO5	3+3=6
		investment.	CO3	3+3≡6
		(b) Suppose there is appreciation of currency of Country A		
		significantly, Predict and explain the potential effects on its		Alexander and the second
		export sector and overall trade balance.		
	5.	When is Polones of Pormants (DOD)	GO.	2
	٥.	When is Balance of Payments (BOP) said to be balanced or in	CO5	3
		equilibrium condition? Discuss Quotas and Tariffs as a measure to		
-		correct disequilibrium in BOP.		
		What is shut down point condition for a firm in perfect competition?		
	6.	Show the equilibrium of industry in short run under perfect		
	0.	competition.	CO5	4
		competition.	COS	4
		OR		
		Discuss the four measures of Money Supply.		
		Discuss the four ineasures of wioney suppry.		