

**JAYPEE UNIVERSITY OF INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY, WAKNAGHAT**

**TEST -2 EXAMINATION- 2025**

**B.Tech-III Semester (CSE)**

**COURSE CODE (CREDITS): 24B11CI312 (3)**

**MAX. MARKS: 25**

**COURSE NAME: INFORMATION AND CYBER SECURITY FOUNDATIONS**

**COURSE INSTRUCTORS: AAYUSH SHARMA**

**MAX. TIME: 1 Hour 30 Min**

**Note:** (a) All questions are compulsory.

(b) The candidate is allowed to make Suitable numeric assumptions wherever required for solving problems

(c) Calculator is allowed.

Q.No	Question	CO	Marks
Q1	<p>You are a journalist working on a sensitive story and need to protect your identity while accessing a whistleblower website.</p> <p>A) Explain the difference between using a VPN and Tor (Onion Routing) for anonymous browsing. Which provides better anonymity and why?</p> <p>B) You decide to use both: connect to a TOR first, then use VPN. Draw a simple diagram showing the path of your connection from your computer to the destination website, labeling each layer also is this a good way to protect your identity. If yes why and if no why and how we can improve it.</p>	[CO1] [CO2]	[3 + 3]
Q2	<p>You are conducting a security audit of a remote server. You can only access the server via SSH, but the target web application runs on localhost:8080 of that server and is not exposed to the external network.</p> <p>A) Write the SSH command you would use to create a local port forwarding tunnel that allows you to access the remote web application on your local machine at http://localhost:9000. Assume the server IP is 192.168.1.50 and your username is auditor.</p> <p>B) What is the difference between Direct and Reverse Port Forwarding and which is better for this scenario.</p>	[CO1] [CO2]	[1 + 2]
Q3	<p>You are setting up a cybersecurity lab on your Windows 10 physical machine with the following configuration:</p> <p>Host: Windows 10 (physical machine)</p> <p>VM Layer 1: Ubuntu Linux (running on Windows using VirtualBox)</p> <p>VM Layer 2: Kali Linux (running inside the Ubuntu VM using nested virtualization)</p> <p>Each virtualization layer adds 1 unit of overhead time to every operation.</p> <p>A) Draw the OS Stack</p> <p>B) For the following bash script if each echo statement takes 1 base unit of time to execute on a physical machine, calculate the total time this script will take to complete on your Kali VM, accounting for the virtualization overhead at each layer. Show your calculation.</p> <pre>#!/bin/bash n=20 count=0 echo "Processing matrix data..."</pre>	[CO3]	[2 + 6]

	<pre> for i in \$(seq 1 \$n); do   for j in \$(seq 1 \$n); do     if [ \$(i % 2) -eq 0 ]; then       for k in \$(seq 1 5); do         echo "Cell[\$i,\$j] batch \$k"         ((count++))       done     else       echo "Cell[\$i,\$j]"       ((count++))     fi   done done echo "Total: \$count operations" echo "Environment: Layer2-VM/Layer1-VM/Physical-Host" </pre>		
Q4	<p>A small e-commerce website has a search feature. The URL looks like this when you search for "laptop": <a href="http://shop.example.com/search?query=laptop">http://shop.example.com/search?query=laptop</a></p> <p>Following is the code for the website:</p> <pre> &lt;!DOCTYPE html&gt; &lt;html&gt; &lt;head&gt;   &lt;title&gt;Product Search&lt;/title&gt; &lt;/head&gt; &lt;body&gt;   &lt;h2&gt;ShopFast Search&lt;/h2&gt;   &lt;input type="text" id="searchInput" placeholder="Search products..."&gt;   &lt;button onclick="search()"&gt;Search&lt;/button&gt;   &lt;div id="results" style="margin-top:20px; padding:10px; background:#f0f0f0;"&gt;&lt;/div&gt; &lt;script&gt;   function getParam(name) {     var regex = new RegExp('[?&amp;]' + name + '=(^[^&amp;#]*)');     var results = regex.exec(location.search);     return results ? decodeURIComponent(results[1]) : "";   }   window.onload = function() {     let query = getParam('query');     if (query) {       document.getElementById('results').innerHTML = "Results for: " + query;     }   };   function search() {     let q = document.getElementById('searchInput').value;     if (q) window.location.href = '?query=' + encodeURIComponent(q);   }   function sanitize(input) { return input.replace(/&lt;&gt;/g, ""); } &lt;/script&gt; &lt;/body&gt; &lt;/html&gt; </pre> <p>Identify the security vulnerability present in this code. Name the type of attack and write a malicious URL that could exploit this vulnerability</p>	[CO2] [CO3]	[1 + 2 + 5]