## JAYPEE UNIVERSITY OF INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY, WAKNAGHAT

Make-up Examination-Nov-2025

COURSE CODE(CREDITS): 22B1WCE731 (3)

MAX. MARKS: 25

COURSE NAME: REMOTE SENSING AND GEOMATICS

COURSE INSTRUCTORS: Akash Bhardwaj

MAX. TIME: 1 Hour 30 Minutes

Note: Note: (a) All questions are compulsory.

(b) The candidate is allowed to make Suitable numeric assumptions wherever required for solving problems

(c) Calculator is allowed.

Q.No	Question	CO	Marks
Q1 (a)	Explain various types of orbits used in Remote Sensing satellites with	CO 2	4
	suitable examples. Write various characteristics of a sensor used in		!
	Remote Sensing.		
Q1 (b)	Given an aerial photograph, how would you identify the principal	CO 2	4
	point and transfer it to adjacent photographs to find the CPP? Explain		
	with figure.		
Q2 (a)	Differentiate between analog and digital images in terms of data	CO3	3
	representation and applications.		
Q2 (b)	Compare standard FCC with natural color composites in terms of	CO3	3
	applications.		
Q2 (c)	Explain how contrast stretching improves the interpretability of	CO 3	2
<u></u>	satellite images.		
Q3 (a)	A Landsat image pixel shows $DN = 900$ at a sun elevation angle of	CO3	1
	$\alpha = 20^{\circ}$ . Find the corrected value.		
Q3 (b)	A pixel shows $DN = 1500$ on day $d = 200$ . Find the corrected	CO 3	2
	DN'using the Earth-Sun distance formula.		
Q4 (a)	Suppose an aerial survey is conducted at two different flight heights	CO 2	3
	with the same focal length camera. Which photograph will show high		
	resolution and why?		
Q4 (b)	Explain and draw the process of Remote Sensing in detail.	CO 2	3