

JAYPEE UNIVERSITY OF INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY, WAKNAGHAT

TEST -3 EXAMINATION- Dec 2017

B.Tech Vth Semester

COURSE CODE: 10B11CE511

MAX. MARKS:35

COURSE NAME: Highway Engineering

COURSE CREDITS: 04

MAX. TIME: Two Hours

Note: All questions are compulsory. Carrying of mobile phone during examinations will be treated as case of unfair means. Assume any other missing data accordingly.

Q1. Answer the following-

- (i) Arrange the following types of roads in ascending order of steepness of camber in same rainfall region- 1) WBM roads 2) CC Roads 3) BC Roads 4) Gravel Roads (1)
- (ii) What will be the maximum flow in vph, if it was noted that on a road section the free speed was 80 kmph and the jam density was 70 vpkkm? (1)
- (iii) The load, warping and frictional stresses in a cement concrete slab are 210, 290 and 10 N/mm² resp., then what will be the critical combination of stress during summer mid day? (1)
- (iv) If super elevation is not provided on a horizontal curve, then the portion of the road where potholes likely to developed- 1) inner edge 2) outer edge 3) centre of road 4) shoulder? (1)
- (v) In rigid pavement, if radius of contact area = 15 cm and radius of relative stiffness = 70.6 cm, then determine the location where the crack is likely to develop due to corner loading. (2)

Q2. The design thickness of a CC pavement is 26 cm considering a design axle load (98th percentile load) of 12000 kg on single axle and M-40 concrete with characteristic compressive strength of 400 kg/cm². The radius of relative stiffness is 62.2 cm. If the elastic modulus of dowel bar steel is 2×10^6 kg/cm², modulus of dowel-concrete interaction is 41,500 kg/cm³ and joint width is 1.8 cm, design the dowel bar considering edge loading. (4)

Q3. At a right angled intersection of two roads, Road A has four lanes with a total width of 15.0 m and Road B has two lanes with a total width of 7.5 m. The volume of traffic approaching the intersection during design hour are 1100 and 800 PCU/hour on approach Road A; the traffic is 320 and 220 PCU/hour on approach Road B. Design the signal timings as per IRC guidelines, assuming the necessary data. (5)

Q4. BBD test was carried out on a stretch of four lane single carriageway flexible pavement of State Highway. Determine the characteristic deflection and design traffic from the following data- temperature during the test was 29.8°C, correction for subgrade moisture content is 1.3, initial commercial traffic at the end of construction is 1350 CVPD (in both direction), annual growth rate of vehicles is 7.5%, design life is 15 yrs, VDF is 3.2 (5)

D _o	107	107	107	107	107	107	107	107	107	107	107	107
D _i	57	56	58	60	59	57	53	61	56	54	55	59
D _f	55	52	56	59	54	55	50	57	54	52	52	56

Q5. A state highway through a rolling terrain has a horizontal curve of radius equal to ruling minimum radius. Design the following, assuming the necessary data- Ruling minimum radius, superelevation, extra widening, length of transition curve. (4)

Q6. What is traffic rotary? Explain the various factors that are to be considered in the design of rotary intersection. (4)

Q8. Draw neat sketch of the following- (i) Partial clover leaf interchange (ii) STOP sign (iii) Diamond interchange (iv) NO Stopping sign (v) Hair Pin Bend left (vi) Speed limit sign (3)

Q9. Write short note on-

- (i) 30th highest hourly traffic volume
- (ii) Warrants for installation of traffic control signal

JNTU KHAMMAM DECEMBER 2017 (4)