

COURSE CODE: 10B11CI211

MAX. MARKS: 15

COURSE NAME: DATA STRUCTURES

MAX. TIME: 1 HR

COURSE CREDITS: 4

Note: All questions are compulsory. Carrying of mobile phone during examinations will be treated as case of unfair means.

1. (a) How does static allocation differ from dynamic allocation of memory?
 (b) How is a string stored in memory? Is there any difference between string and character array?
 Write a C program to copy one string to another, using pointers and without using library functions.
[1+2=3]
2. Write time and space count for (a), (b) and write the complexity of (c).
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(a)
 sum = 0;
 for(i=0; i<n; i++)
 for(j=0; j<i*i; j++)
 for(k=0; k<j; k++)
 sum++;

(b)
 sum = 0;
 for(i=1; i<n; i++)
 for(j=1; j<i*i; j++)
 if(j%1 == 0)
 for(k=0; k<j; k++)
 sum++;

(c)
 int fun(int n)
 { int count = 0;
 for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)
 for (int j = i; j > 0; j--)
 count = count + 1;
 return count;}

3. Write a C program to create a linear linked list and interchange the elements to the list at position m and n and display contents of the list before and after interchanging the elements.
[3x1=3]

4. (a) Compare iteration and recursion? What does the following function do?
[3]

```
int fun(int x,int y)
{
    if(y==0) return 0;
    return(x+fun(x,y-1));
}
```

- (b) Write a recursive function (use no while loops or for loops) that prints all the elements of an array of integers, one per line. The parameters to the function should be int a[], and int size.
[1.5x2=3]

5. (a) What will be output if you will execute following code?
[1.5x2=3]

```
#include<stdio.h>
struct emp
{
    char *name;
    int id;
};
int main()
{
    static struct emp e1={"A",1},e2={"B",2},e3={"C",3};
    struct emp(*array[])={&e1,&e2,&e3};
    struct emp(**ptr)[3]=&array;
    printf("%s%d",(*(*ptr+1)).name,(*(*ptr+1))->id);
    return 0;
}
```

- (b) Write a program to dynamically create a MxN matrix of integer elements using malloc() function. Read and print the matrix elements using pointer.
[1.5x2=3]