

## JAYPEE UNIVERSITY OF INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY, WAKNAGHAT

## TEST -3 EXAMINATION- 2016

## B.Tech VIII Sem./M.Tech I Semester

COURSE CODE: 14M31CE216

MAX. MARKS: 35

COURSE NAME: HAZARDOUS WASTE MANAGEMENT

COURSE CREDITS: 03

MAX. TIME: 2 Hr

*Note: All questions are compulsory. Carrying of mobile phone during examinations will be treated as case of unfair means.*

Q1. a) How do hazardous wastes affect humans and animals? Mention some of the impacts of illegal discarding of hazardous waste on environment. [02 Marks]

b) Under engineering classification, hazardous wastes are categorized as aqueous waste, organic liquids, oils and Sludges/solids. Give at least two examples of industrial operations under each category mentioned below from where the waste is generated:  
i) Organic liquids      ii) oils      iii) Organic Sludges [03 Marks]

Q2. Write a note on:

[02+02+02 Marks]

- a) Volatilization of Chemicals in the environment
- b) Fugitive dust emissions
- c) Landfill Leachate

Q3. a) Discuss the functional differences between air stripping and steam stripping [02 Marks]

b) With the help of a neat figure, describe the functioning of a packed tower air stripper. What are the design considerations for a packed tower air stripper? [03 Marks]

Q4. a) What are the two forms of activated carbon? Mention their applications in Water/Wastewater treatment. [02 Marks]

b) Analyze the following reaction data and determine the order of reaction and rate constant

Time, min	0	12	24	36	48	60
C, mg/L	7.5	5.25	3.68	2.48	1.73	1.13

[03 Marks]

- c) 200mL of a solution with a para-xylene concentration of 500mg/L is placed in each of six containers with activated carbon and shaken for 24hours. The samples are filtered and the concentration of p-xylene measured, yielding the following analyses: **[04 Marks]**

Container:	1	2	3	4	5	6
Carbon, g	24	20	16	12	8	4
p-xylene(mg/L)	10.7	14.6	23	29	48	107

- Determine the Freundlich constants K and n, and plot the isotherm.
  - Using the above isotherm data, determine the amount of carbon required to treat 40,000 Litres/day of water contaminated with 500mg/L p-xylene. Assume a required effluent of 10mg/L and that the facility will operate at the same temperature and pH for which the isotherm was developed. Determine daily carbon usage for a batch reactor
- Q5.a) What are the similarities and differences among land treatment and soil pile treatment systems? **[2.5 Marks]**
- b) Why in situ treatment processes are typically preferred for subsurface remediation over pump and treat processes? **[2.5 Marks]**
- Q6.a) Distinguish between "Microencapsulation" and "Macroencapsulation" **[2.5 Marks]**
- b) How organically modified clay helps in stabilization of hazardous waste **[2.5 Marks]**