

Note: All questions are compulsory. Carrying of mobile phone during examination will be treated as case of unfair means. All parts of the question should be attempted at one place.

- Q1 (a)** The speed of light in vacuum and in the core of a step index fiber is 3×10^8 m/s and 2×10^8 m/s respectively. When the fiber is placed in air, the critical angle at the core cladding interface is 75 degrees. Calculate the: (i) NA of the fiber. (ii) Multipath time dispersion per unit length. (2)
- (b)** Draw the block diagram of optical communication system and explain each block in brief. (2)
- (c)** Differentiate between step index and graded-index fiber. (1)
- Q2 (a)** Calculate the maximum thickness of the guide slab of a symmetrical planar waveguide so that it supports the first 10 modes. Take $n_1=3.6$ and $n_2=3.58$ and $\lambda=0.90\mu\text{m}$. Also calculate the maximum and minimum values of propagation constant β . (2)
- (b)** Derive an expression for material dispersion in case of step index fibers. Also represent zero dispersion graphically. (2)
- (c)** What are modes? How does one distinguish between symmetric and antisymmetric modes of a planar waveguide? (1)
- Q3 (a)** A single mode fiber is measured to have $\lambda^2(d^2n/d\lambda^2) = 0.02$ at $0.8\mu\text{m}$. Calculate the dispersion parameters β_2 and D . (2)
- (b)** Derive the equations for TE and TM modes. (2)
- (c)** A 1-hour lecture script is stored on the computer hard disk in the ASCII format. Estimate the total number of bits assuming a delivery rate of 200 words per minute and on average 5 letters per word. How long will it take to transmit the script at a bit rate of 1Gb/s? (1)
