Dr Tate Shawler

JAYPEE UNIVERSITY OF INFORMATRION TECHNOLOGY, WAKNAGHAT MID SEMESTER EXAMINATION-2015

B. Tech. VIth Sem.

COURSE CODE: 10B11BT611

MAX. MARKS: 30

COURSE NAME: COMPARATIVE AND FUNCTIONAL GENOMICS

COURSE CREDITS: 04

MAX. TIME: 2 HRS

Note:- All questions are compulsory

Section A (Marks 6)

- 1. Gene Density of S. cerevisiae is greater than Homo sapiens (T/F)
- 2. The genome of Homo sapiens contains bases and of genes
- 3. What do you understand by VNTR
- 4. What are difference between RFLP and RAPD technique
- 5. SNP can be detected byand
- 6. ESTs are from coding region of the genome (T/F) and GSS are from non-coding region of the genome (T/F)

Section B (Marks 9)

- 1. The genome size of *S. cerevisiae* is 12 Mb and the approximately number of genes are 5990, calculate the gene density? What do you understand by the gene density number you get?
- 2. What are the characteristics of DNA Microarray? Explain with example where microarray can be best used?
- 3. Define functional genomics, describe one of the techniques in detail (e.g., SSR, RFLP, RAPD) used in functional genomics studies to compare the different organism?

Section C (Marks 15)

- 1. What do mean by solid phase sequencing by illumina? Describe the steps with proper well labeled diagram?
- 2. Explain, how Human genome is organized? Describe the methods/ approaches are being used to predict or annotate the genes from sequenced genome?
- 3. Describe the Pyrosequencing with reaction steps? Discuss the enzymes, their source and their role in it? What are the different applications of pyrosequencing?