Dr. Neeraj Styh Paniha

JAYPEE UNIVERSITY OF INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY, WAKNAGHAT TEST-3 EXAMINATION- MAY 2019

B.Tech VI Semester

COURSE CODE: 10B11CE612

MAX. MARKS: 35

COURSE NAME: FOUNDATION ENGINEERING

COURSE CREDITS: 04

MAX. TIME: 2 LIRS

Note: All questions are compulsory. Carrying of mobile phone during examinations will be treated as case of unfair means. Assume necessary data wherever required.

1. A strip footing 1 m wide at its base is located at a depth of 0.8 m below the ground level. The properties of soil are $\Upsilon=18$ kN/m³, c=30kN/m³ and $\phi=20^{\circ}$. Determine the safe bearing capacity with a factor of safety of 3 using Terzaghi's analysis. What will be the change in bearing capacity if water table rises to the base of the footing. Take $\Upsilon_{sat}=19.5$ kN/m³ [6]

2. A raft foundation has to be supported by a group of concrete offes. The gross load to be carried by the pile group is 250 t, inclusive of the weight of the pile cap. The subsoil consists of a 25 m thick stratum of normally consolidated clay having an unconfined compressive strength of 4.8 t/m² and an effective unit weight of 0.9 t/m³. Design the pile group with a factor of safety of 3 against shear failure. Assume a suitable square pile group formation with 400 mm diameter. Take α=0.9.

3. (a) A square footing is required to carry a net load of 1200 kN. The depth of the foundation is 2 m and the tolerable settlement is 40 mm. The soil is sandy with N=12. Taking the factor of safety as 3, determine the size of the footing using Teng's method. Assume water table to be very deep.

(b) A square pile group passes through a recently filled up soil of 3 m depth. The diameter of the pile is 30 cm and they are spaced 90 cm apart. If the soil is cohesive has q_u=60kN/m² and Y=15kN/m³, compute the negative frictional load on the pile group.

4. A square group of bored piles with three piles on each row having diameter of 0.3 m and spacing 60 cm and length 3 m are driven in a firm clay of depth 10 m deep. The clay properties are Cc=0.3, Y=17 kN/m³ and initial void ratio=0.5.Assume water table 1 m below the ground level. Find the consolidation settlement of the pile group for a column load of 400 kN. [5]

5. Write short notes on the following:

(a) Under-reamed piles

(b) Cyclic Pile Load Test

(c) Cone Penetration Test

[4x3=12]