

Dr. Kiran Shukla

Roll No:.....

JAYPEE UNIVERSITY OF INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY, WAKNAGHAT

TEST -3 EXAMINATION- MAY 2019

B. Tech 8<sup>th</sup> Semester

COURSE CODE: 14M31CE214

MAX. MARKS: 35

COURSE NAME: Process Design in Environmental Engg.

COURSE CREDITS: 03

MAX. TIME: 2 Hrs

*Note: All questions are compulsory. Carrying of mobile phone during examinations will be treated as case of unfair means. (Assume any other necessary data suitably)*

1. Design a facultative stabilization pond to treat 50000 m<sup>3</sup>/day of municipal wastewater for a town (latitude 12 °N, elevation 400 m above MSL). Influent BOD<sub>5</sub> concentration 750 mg/L, influent faecal coliform concentration 10<sup>8</sup> / 100 ml. Average temperature in coldest month of the year 24 °C. Desired BOD<sub>5</sub> removal efficiency 97 %. Desired effluent faecal coliform concentration 1000 / 100 ml. (7)
2. Design a flow through aerated lagoon to treat a wastewater flow of 3800 m<sup>3</sup>/d, including the number of surface aerators. The treated liquid is to be held in a settling basin with a 2 day detention time before being discharged. Assume the following conditions. Influent TSS 200 g/m<sup>3</sup>, influent sBOD 200 g/m<sup>3</sup>, effluent sBOD 30 g/m<sup>3</sup>, effluent suspended solids after settling 20 g/m<sup>3</sup>, Y = 0.65 g/g, K<sub>s</sub> = 100 g/m<sup>3</sup>, k = 6.0 g/g.d, k<sub>d</sub> = 0.07 g/g.d for T = 20 to 25 °C. Total solids produced are equal to computed volatile suspended solids divided by 0.85. Soluble BOD removal rate constant k<sub>20</sub> = 2.5 day<sup>-1</sup> at 20 °C. BOD removal rate, k<sub>T</sub> = k<sub>20</sub> (1.06)<sup>T-20</sup>, Summer air temperature = 30 °C, winter air temperature during coldest month = 6 °C, wastewater temperature during winter = 16 °C, wastewater temperature during summer = 22 °C, aeration constant: α = 0.85, β = 1.0, aerator oxygen transfer rate = 1.8 kg O<sub>2</sub>/ kWh, oxygen saturation concentration = 8.0 g/m<sup>3</sup> (no temperature correction needed), oxygen concentration to be maintained in liquid = 1.5 g/m<sup>3</sup>, lagoon depth = 3.3 m, design SRT = 5 day, power required for mixing = 8 kW/10<sup>3</sup>/m<sup>3</sup>. Conversion factor for BOD to COD = 1/1.6. (13)
3. Write brief notes on nitrification and denitrification process. (4)
4. Derive the mass balance solution for ideal flow in complete mix reactor and plug flow reactor (Consider pulse input). (4)
5. Design an oxidation ditch. Assume following conditions: Wastewater flow = 0.15 m<sup>3</sup>/capita/day, population = 40000, desired effluent BOD = 20 mg/L, TKN = 8 gms/ capita/day, BOD contribution = 45 gms/capita/day, sludge density index of return sludge = 1 %, F/M = 0.25 kg BOD/day/kg MLVSS, sludge decay co-efficient k<sub>d</sub> = 0.12 day<sup>-1</sup>, Y = 0.6, MLVSS = 2200 mg/L, suspended solids in effluent = 20 mg/L, assume 30 % of suspended solids as BOD contribution to total BOD in effluent. (7)