Pardup hang WAKNAGHAT

## JAYPEE UNIVERSITY OF INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY WAKNAGHAT

## T-2 EXAMINATION (APRIL 2019)

B.Tech 6th Sem. (ECE)

COURESE CODE: 10B11EC611

MAX. MARKS: 25

COURSE NAME: Telecommunication Networks

**COURSE CREDITS: 4** 

MAX. TIME: 1.5 Hrs.

Note: All questions are compulsory. Carrying of mobile phone during examinations will be treated as case of unfair means. CO indicates Course Outcomes.

- Q1(a). There are 4 stations in a system. All 4 stations have to transmit their data over a common channel using channelization method. Design a system in which station 3 can detect the data sent by station 4 with the following specifications:
- The codes for each station have to generated using Walsh codes with  $W_1 = [+1]$ . Show the 4 codewords.
- Station 1 is sending a 0 bit, station 2 is sending a 1 bit, station 3 is silent, and station 4 is sending a 0 bit. Show the dataword to be transmitted over the channel also. **CO-4** (1+1+1=3)
- Q1(b). Compare High level data link control protocol with point-to-point protocol. CO-4 (2)
- Q2(a). Discuss CSMA/CD method with its flow diagram and comment on its throughput also.

CO-4

(3)

Q2(b). Byte stuff the following data:

CO-4

(1)

Flag	FSC	ESC	L CI	T000	
i iug	Loc	LSC	Flag	ESC	ESC

Q2(c). Bit stuff the following data:

CO-4

(1)

## 01111101111101111110011110111110

Q3(a). In figure 1, the data rate is 10 Mbps, the distance between station A and C is 2500 m, and the propagation speed is  $2 \times 10^8$  m/s. Station A starts sending a long frame at time  $t_1$  =0; station C starts sending a long frame at time  $t_2$  =3 µsec. The size of the frame is long enough to guarantee the detection of collision by both stations. Find the following:

- a. The time when station C hears the collision (t3).
- b. The time when station A hears the collision (t4).
- c. The number of bits station A has sent before detecting the collision.

**CO-4** 

(1+1+1=3)

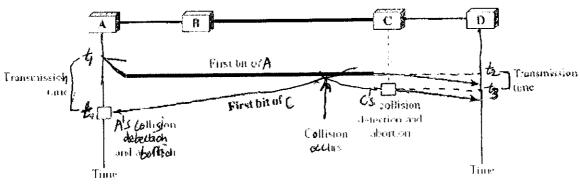


Figure 1 Q3(b). Prove that the codeword table (00000, 01011, 10111, and 11111) is not a linear code. **CO-4 (1)** You need to find only one case that violates the linearity. Q3(c). Discuss the drawback of checksum method of error detection. CO-4 **(1)** Q4(a). Given the dataword 1010011011 and the divisor 10111, show the generation of the codeword at the sender site using cyclic redundancy check (CRC) using polynomial **CO-4** (2.5)approach only. Q4(b). Justify the names of Go-back n and Selective repeat protocols by discussing their **CO-4** (2.5)functioning in detail. Q5(a). What is the limitation of crossbar switch? Discuss the solution of this limitation with (2.5)CO-3 diagram. Also compute the crosspoints. Q5(b). What are the components of packet switch? Discuss in detail. **CO-3** (2.5)