Dr. Wirel singh forther

## JAYPEE UNIVERSITY OF INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY, WAKNAGHAT TEST -2 EXAMINATION- OCTOBER 2019

## **B.Tech V Semester**

COURSE CODE: 10B11CE513

MAX. MARKS: 25

COURSE NAME: Water Resource Engineering

**COURSE CREDITS: 04** 

MAX. TIME: 1.5 HR

**Note:** All questions are compulsory. Carrying of mobile phone during examinations will be treated as case of unfair means. Assume suitable data if required and not provided.

1. The ordinates of a flood hydrograph resulting from two successive storms each of 4 hour duration producing rainfall depths of 3.6 cm and 4.6 cm respectively are given below. The average infiltration rate in the catchment is 0.4 cm/hr. Determine the resulting direct runoff from the first storm.

Time(hrs)	0	4	8	12	16	20	24	28	32	36	40	44	48
Discharge(m³/sec)	05	45	125	185	240	275	275	210	160	110	50	05	05
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2. The data on the current meter observation taken at 0.6 depth is given below in the tabular form. The equation of the current meter is V(m/s)=0.65Ns+0.03 where Ns is in revolutions per second. Calculate the discharge in the stream.

Distance from one bank(m)	Depth(m)	Current meter observation at 0.6 depth					
		No. of revolutions	Time in sec				
3.0	0.4	30	150				
6.0	0.8	50	130				
9.0	1.2	70	100				
12.0	2.0	100	80				
15.0	3.0	150	60				
18.0	2.5	200	50				
21.0	2.2	130	40				
24.0	1.0	90	130				

- 3. In a watershed 4 non-recording gauges A, B, C and D have been installed to record rainfall data. Their last year rainfall records are 100, 120, 140 and 80 cm respectively. Assuming an error of 10% in estimation of mean rainfall, find the optimum number of rain gauges required for the watershed.

  [3]
- 4. Write short notes on the following with neat figures:
  - (a) Propeller type current meter
  - (b) Bubble gauge recorder
  - (c) Ultrasonic method of discharge measurement

[4+4+3]