JAYPEE UNIVERSITY OF INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY, WAKNAGHAT TEST -3 EXAMINATIONS-2023

M.Sc. 2nd Semester Microbiology

COURSE CODE (CREDITS): (21MS1MB212)

MAX. MARKS: 35

COURSE NAME: MICROBIAL GENETICS AND PHYSIOLOGY

COURSE INSTRUCTORS:

Ashok Kumar Nadda

MAX. TIME: 2 h

Note: All questions are compulsory. Marks are indicated against each question in square brackets.

Section I

- Q1 Very short answer type questions. Each question is carrying one mark.
- (a) What do you understand by a susceptible and permissive cell?

(Mark 01)

(b) Differentiate between dominance and epistasis.

(Mark 01)

- (c) Which method is suitable for the measurement of cell growth of filamentous bacteria and fungi.

 (Mark 01)
- (d) Write the autoinducers molecules present in Gram positive and Gram Negative bacteria responsible for quorum sensing. (Mark 01)
- (e) What type of lethal genes leads to the onset of Huntington's disease?

(Mark 01)

Section II

- Q 2 Discuss the role of Acetyl-CoA Carboxylase in the biosynthesis of fatty acids. Illustrate the key step catalysed by Acetyl-CoA Carboxylase during fatty acid synthesis. Write the basic steps involved in the synthesis of fatty acids.

 (Marks 03)
- Q 3 Explain diagrammatically the process of propionic acid fermentation. What is the role of various microbes in the fermentation of propionic acid. (Marks 03)
- Q 4 What do you understand by activation of endospore? Comment on the activation and germination of an endospore into vegetative cell. (Marks 03)
- Q 5 What are the various steps in the one step growth curve of virus life cycle? Explain with the help of a suitable diagram. (Marks 03)
- Q 6 What are the two different mating switches in yeast and how these are related to sexual differentiation? (Marks 03)

Section III

- Q 7 ABC and abc are parental gametes with 390 and 374 in number, respectively. Abc and aBC gametes are result of single cross over with a number of 27 and 30, respectively. Similarly, second single cross-over has ABc and abC in 81 and 85 numbers, respectively. Double cross overs were AbC and aBc were 05 and 08 in number. Calculate the distance, recombination frequency and type of linkage between the genes A and B and C. (Marks 04)
- Q 8 Hemophilia is a hereditary disease caused by deficiencies in clotting factors, which results in impaired blood clotting is genetic disorder. Give a brief account of genetic disorder associated with the development of haemophilia.

 (Marks 03)
- Q 9 If the ratio of F2 generation in one cross is 9:3:4 and other cross is 9:7 then what type of epistatic interaction is occurred in these individuals? Enlist the various types of types of epistatic phenotypes.

 (Marks 04)
- Q 10 What will be the change in allelic frequencies of p and q after one generation of random mating among individuals of a population. Following is the initial frequency of p and q and their genetic fitness values depicted as W. Solve this question in light of Fisher's theorem. Frequency of P = 0.7 and Frequency of Q = 0.3 PP (dominant status) and genetic fitness (Will is i.0)

Pq (heterozygous status) and genetic fitness (W12) is 1.0

gg (recessive status) and genetic fitness (W22) is 0.5

(Marks 04)